

Academic Sports Scholars

MENTAL TOUGHNESS IN ELITE WRESTLERS: A COMPARATIVE STUDY

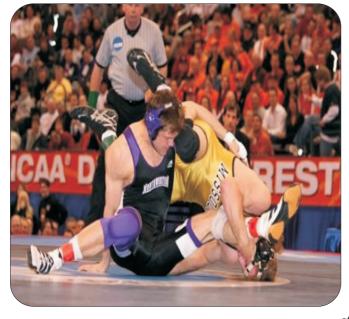


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ABSTRACT

he beneficial effects of mental toughness in terms of sports performance have been found in sports psychology literature. But the results are somewhat inconsistent not only in terms of effect of mental toughness on sports performance but its theoretical framework. In view of these contradictory findings and variability of definitions and framework of mental toughness, the objective of the present study is to compare mental toughness between elite and sub-elite wrestlers. To conduct the study, 50 elite male wrestlers (Average age 21.12 years) were selected as sample. Similarly 50 subelite male wrestlers (Average age 21.17 years) were also selected as sample for the present study. The selection of elite male wrestlers were

done from only those who took part in national level tournaments as well as who came in first four positions in various weight categories. The criterion for selection of sub-elite male wrestlers was set to participation in district level events in various weight categories. Purposive sampling method was used for selection of subjects. To assess mental toughness, 6 dimensional mental toughness inventory prepared by Tiwari (2007) was used. Results showed that mental toughness of elite male wrestlers was significantly superior as compared to sub-elite male wrestlers. On the basis of results, it may be concluded that at the highest level where physical, tactical and technical ability of wrestlers are almost same, psychological quality such as mental toughness differentiates between winner and looser.

KEYWORDS : Elite Wrestlers , Mental Toughness , physical, tactical and technical ability .

INTRODUCTION

Psychological variables have been considered to be one of most important facilitator in terms of sports performance. One of the psychological variable i.e. mental toughness has been considered most valuable as far as sports performance is concerned by sports psychologists. According to Fourie and Potgieter (2001)1 definition of mental comprise of motivation level, coping skills, confidence maintenance, cognitive skill, discipline and goal directedness, competitiveness, possession of prerequisite physical and mental requirements, team unity, preparation skills, psychological hardiness and ethics. The sports psychologist has included quite a few aspects while describing mental toughness. Researchers like Moradi et al. (2013)2, Sathe (2013)3, Ghosh (2014)4, Ragab (2015)5 have also documented the beneficial effects of mental toughness in terms of sports performance. But the results are somewhat inconsistent not only in terms of effect of mental toughness on sports performance but its theoretical framework. In view of these contradictory findings and variability of definitions and framework of mental toughness, researcher decided to compare mental toughness of elite and sub-elite male wrestlers. The choice of wrestlers in the present study is associated with physical as well as mental demands of this sport. The other reason to study mental toughness of elite and sub-elite wrestlers is dearth of studies although few studies are found in research literature on psychological aspects of wrestling conducted by Singh and Singh (2013)6, Saini and Sinha (2013)7, Elemiri and Aly (2014)8 etc.

HYPOTHESIS:

It was hypothesized that elite male wrestlers will show more magnitude of mental toughness as compared to sub-elite male wrestlers.

METHODOLOGY

To test the abovementioned hypothesis, following procedure was adopted:

SAMPLE:

To conduct the study, 50 elite male wrestlers (Average age 21.12 years) were selected as sample. Similarly 50 sub-elite male wrestlers (Average age 21.17 years) were also selected as sample for the present study. The selection of elite male wrestlers were done from only those who took part in national level wrestling tournaments as well as who came in first four positions in various weight categories. The criterion for selection of sub-elite male wrestlers was set to participation in district level events in various weight categories. Purposive sampling method was used for selection of subjects..

Tools:

To assess mental toughness of selected male wrestlers, Mental Toughness Questionnaire prepared by Tiwari (2007) was used. It consists of 48 items which measures overall mental toughness covering sub variables i.e. self confidence, motivation, attention control, goal setting, visual and imagery control and attitude control. This test is highly reliable and valid.

Procedure:

Mental toughness inventory prepared by Tiwari et al. (2007) was administered to all 100 subjects according to their availability and convenience. After scoring mental toughness as per author's

manual, it was tabulated according to their respective study groups. To compared mental toughness of elite and sub-elite male wrestlers, independent sample 't' test was used. The result is presented in table 1.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION:

Groups (Male Wrestlers)	Mean	S.D.	Mean Difference	't'
Elite (N=50)	195.74	26.36	30.08	3.62**
Sub-elite (N=50)	165.66	52.39		

Table 1Comparison of Mental Toughness between Elite and Sub-elite Male Wrestlers

** Significant at .01 level

Entries reported in table 1 reveal statistically significant difference in mean mental toughness scores of elite and sub-elite male wrestlers. The reported t=3.62, which is statistically significant at .01 level, indicate that mental toughness in elite male wrestlers (M=195.74) is significantly superior as compared to sub-elite male wrestlers (M=165.66).

The result clearly indicates that elite male wrestlers are mentally tougher as compared to subelite male wrestlers. Mental toughness encompasses sub variables such as self confidence, motivation, attention control, goal setting, visual and imagery control and attitude control. Hence there is no surprise that elite male wrestlers showed more magnitude of mental toughness as compared to subelite male wrestlers because all these above mentioned psychological characteristics which constitute mental toughness have significant bearing upon sports performance. In a similar study with different psychological construct of mental toughness, Elemiri and Aly (2014) found similar results.

CONCLUSION:

On the basis of results, it may be concluded that there exist a significant association between performances of male wrestlers with their mental toughness. It may also be concluded that apart from physical, tactical and other allied skill, mental toughness is the foremost psychological requisite to achieve success at highest level in wrestling arena.

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